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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/796,586	03/09/2004	Christina Prowell	4962	1112
48226 BASF CATAL	7590 02/23/2007 VSTS LLC		EXAMINER	
101 WOOD AVENUE ISELIN, NJ 08830			SHOSHO, CALLIE E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1714	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	LY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	Y MODE
3 MONTHS		02/23/2007	DADED	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Aution Samuel	10/796,586	PROWELL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Sandra K. Poulos	1714				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the (correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 No.	ovember 2006.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Examiner				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1 Certified copies of the priority document: 2 Certified copies of the priority document: 3 Copies of the certified copies of the priority document: application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date				

DETAILED ACTION

1. All outstanding rejections and objections except for those described below are overcome by applicant's amendment filed 11/30/06.

Upon consideration of applicant's arguments, the rejections set forth in the action mailed 8/28/06 have been reconsidered and the following new grounds of rejection have been set forth below. Accordingly, the following action is **NON-FINAL**.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

2. Claim1, 4-12, 15, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Cornelius (US 4,677,141).

The discussion with respect to Cornelius in paragraph 4 of the Office action mailed 8/28/06 is incorporated herein by reference.

Cornelius discloses a method of improving the heat stability of silicone elastomers with pretreated white clay (abstract). The composition can be pigmented (abstract). Kaolin is particularly preferred because it is readily available in white form (col 4, lines 30-31). The clay in example 1 is calcined kaolin clay treated with approximately 1% of vinyl-tri(beta-methoxyethoxy)silane and has a particle size of 0.81 micrometers (col 7, lines 15-21). The amount of clay is from 1 to 150 parts by weight (col 2, lines 21-22). The silicone elastomer is heated to vulcanize (abstract), however

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the time and temperature necessary to cause vulcanization are dependent on the vulcanization agent, the method of heating, the method of forming the composition into a shape, and the thickness of the part (col 6, lines 26-30). Cornelius discloses that the temperature that is appropriate for a given set of conditions is well know in the silicone elastomer art (col 6, lines 30-32).

Although Cornelius does not explicitly disclose the "greater than 1.0 wt%" of organosilane generally used to pretreat the kaolin clay, he discloses "approximately 1 percent by weight" is used. Therefore, since "approximately" inherently includes values slightly above and below 1 percent, Cornelius anticipates the currently claimed range, particularly at values just above 1.0 wt%.

3. Claim 1-3, 5-9 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticpated by Hill (US 5,907,921).

Hill discloses a composition containing a silicone elastomer and aminofunctional siloxane in an amount of 0.10 to 10 wt% based on the silicone elastomer (abstract, col 11, lines 31-49). Kaolin clay is added to the composition (col 12, lines 25-35; example 14).

Thus Hill anticipates the cited claims.

4. Claims 1-3, 11, 16, 18-19, 21-23, 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sekutowski (US 4,740,538).

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The discussion with respect to Cornelius in paragraph 3 of the Office action mailed 8/28/06 is incorporated herein by reference.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

5. Claims 2-3, 13-14, and 22-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cornelius et al (US 4,677,141).

The discussion with respect to Cornelius in paragraph 4 of the Office action mailed 8/28/06 is incorporated herein by reference.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 11/30/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In particular, applicant has argued that "approximately" 1 wt% is not the same as "greater than" 1 wt%. This is not convincing because "approximately" inherently includes values slightly above and below 1 percent, particularly at values just above 1.0 wt%.

Additionally, applicant argues that the examples compare 0.8 wt%, 1.0 wt%, and 1.24 wt% and that only a slight percentage increase produces unexpected results. The values in claims 2 and 3 are 1.1 wt% and 1.2 wt%, respectively. Given that applicant maintains that only a slight percentage increase produces unexpected results, the

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examples are not convincing since there is no data for the amounts 1.1 wt% and 1.2 wt%, but instead only for 1.24 wt%, which is greater than those claimed points. Case law holds that evidence is insufficient to rebut a *prima facie* case if not commensurate in scope with the claimed invention. *In re Grasselli*, 713 F.2d 731, 741, 218 USPQ 769, 777 (Fed. Cir. 1983). Case law holds that whether the unexpected results are the result of unexpectedly improved results or a property not taught by the prior art, the "objective evidence of nonobviousness must be commensurate in scope with the claims which the evidence is offered to support." In other words, the showing of unexpected results must be reviewed to see if the results occur over the entire claimed range (i.e., scope). *In re Clemens*, 622 F.2d 1029, 1036, 206 USPQ 289, 296 (CCPA 1980), MPEP 716.02(d).

Lastly, applicant argues that Sekutowski does not contain silicone. Sample 14 contains silicone oil, which is claimed in current claim 11 and thus anticipates the claims.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sandra K. Poulos whose telephone number is (571) 272-6428. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-4:30 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on (571) 272-1119. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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